



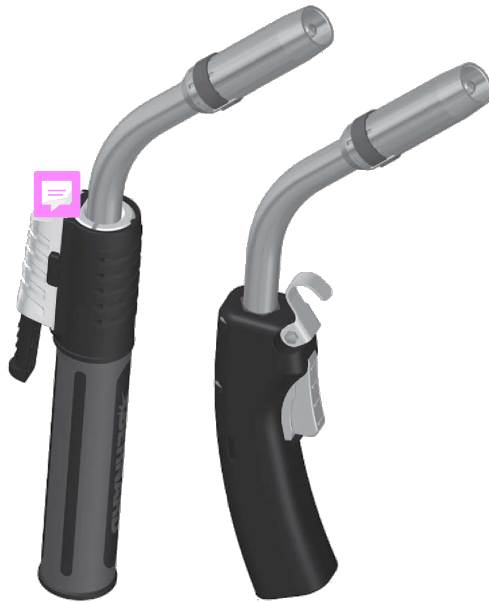
# Bernard® W-Gun™ Semi-Automatic Water-Cooled MIG Gun

## OWNER'S MANUAL

October 2023

OM-WGUN-1.5

Semi-Automatic, Water-Cooled, MIG  
(GMAW) Welding Gun



Tregaskiss.com/TechnicalSupport  
1-855-MIGWELD (644-9353) (US & Canada)  
+1-519-737-3000 (International)

# Thank You for Choosing Bernard

Thank you for selecting a Bernard product. Before installing, compare the equipment received against the invoice to verify that the shipment is complete and undamaged. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to file all claims of damage or loss that may have occurred during transit with the carrier.

The owner's manual contains general information, instructions and maintenance to help better maintain your MIG gun or peripheral. Please read, understand and follow all safety precautions.

While every precaution has been taken to assure the accuracy of this owner's manual, Bernard assumes no responsibility for errors or omissions. Bernard assumes no liability for damages resulting from the use of information contained herein. The information presented in this owner's manual is accurate to the best of our knowledge at the time of printing. Please reference [Tregaskiss.com](http://Tregaskiss.com) for updated material.

For customer support and special applications, please call the Bernard Customer Service Department at 1-855-MIGWELD (644-9353) (US & Canada) or +1-519-737-3000 (International), fax 1-708-946-6726, or email at [cs@itwmig.com](mailto:cs@itwmig.com). Our trained Customer Service Team is available between 8:00 a.m. and 5:30 p.m. EST, and will answer your product application or repair questions.

Bernard manufactures premium semi-automatic (GMAW) and FCAW (flux-cored) welding guns, consumables, accessories and manual arc products. For more information on other Bernard products, contact your local Bernard distributor or visit us on the web at [Tregaskiss.com](http://Tregaskiss.com).

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**Subject to Change** – The information presented in this manual is accurate to the best of our knowledge at the time of printing. Please visit [Tregaskiss.com](http://Tregaskiss.com) for the most up-to-date information.

**Additional Material** – For additional support materials such as spec sheets, troubleshooting information, how-to guides and videos, animations, online configurators and much more, please visit [Tregaskiss.com](http://Tregaskiss.com).

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# SECTION 1 — SAFETY PRECAUTIONS — READ BEFORE USING



Protect yourself and others from injury – read, follow, and save these important safety precautions and operating instructions.



## 1-1 Symbol Usage



**DANGER!** – Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. The possible hazards are shown in the adjoining symbols or explained in the text.



Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury. The possible hazards are shown in the adjoining symbols or explained in the text.

**NOTICE** – Indicates statements not related to personal injury.

 – Indicates special instructions.



This group of symbols means Warning! Watch Out! ELECTRIC SHOCK, MOVING PARTS, and HOT PARTS hazards. Consult symbols and related instructions below for necessary actions to avoid the hazards.

## 1-2 Arc Welding Hazards



The symbols shown below are used throughout this manual to call attention to and identify possible hazards. When you see the symbol, watch out, and follow the related instructions to avoid the hazard. The safety information given below is only a summary of the more complete safety information found in section 1-4 Principal Safety Standards on page 3, and in welding power source Owner's Manual. Read and follow all Safety Standards.



Only qualified persons should install, operate, maintain, and repair this equipment. A qualified person is defined as one who, by possession of a recognized degree, certificate, or professional standing, or who by extensive knowledge, training and experience, has successfully demonstrated ability to solve or resolve problems relating to the subject matter, the work, or the project and has received safety training to recognize and avoid the hazards involved.



During operation, keep everybody, especially children, away.

### ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- Always wear dry insulating gloves.
- Insulate yourself from work and ground.
- Do not touch live electrode or electrical parts.



- Replace worn, damaged, or cracked guns or cables.
- Turn off welding power source before changing contact tip or gun parts.
- Keep all covers and handle securely in place.

### FUMES AND GASES can be hazardous.

- Keep your head out of the fumes.
- Ventilate area, or use breathing device. The recommended way to determine adequate ventilation is to sample for the composition and quantity of fumes and gases to which personnel are exposed.
- Read and understand the Safety Data Sheets (SDSs) and the manufacturer's instructions for adhesives, coatings, cleaners, consumables, coolants, degreasers, fluxes, and metals.



### MOVING PARTS can injure.

- Keep away from moving parts.
- Keep away from pinch points such as drive rolls.



### WELDING can cause fire or explosion.

- Do not weld near flammable material.
- Do not weld on containers that have held combustibles, or on closed containers such as tanks, drums, or pipes unless they are properly prepared according to AWS F4.1 and AWS A6.0 (see Safety Standards).
- Watch for fire; keep extinguisher nearby.
- Read and understand the Safety Data Sheets (SDSs) and the manufacturer's instructions for adhesives, coatings, cleaners, consumables, coolants, degreasers, fluxes, and metals.



### BUILDUP OF GAS can injure or kill.

- Shut off compressed gas supply when not in use.
- Always ventilate confined spaces or use approved air-supplied respirator.



### ARC RAYS can burn eyes and skin.

Arc rays from the welding process produce intense visible and invisible (ultraviolet and infrared) rays that can burn eyes and skin. Sparks fly off from the weld.



- Wear an approved welding helmet fitted with a proper shade of filter lenses to protect your face and eyes from arc rays and sparks when welding or watching (see ANSI Z49.1 and Z87.1 listed in Safety Standards).
- Wear approved safety glasses with side shields under your helmet.
- Use protective screens or barriers to protect others from flash, glare and sparks; warn others not to watch the arc.
- Wear body protection made from leather or flame-resistant clothing (FRC). Body protection includes oil-free clothing such as leather gloves, heavy shirt, cuffless trousers, high shoes, and a cap.

### HOT PARTS can burn.

- Allow gun to cool before touching.
- Do not touch hot metal.
- Protect hot metal from contact by others.



### NOISE can damage hearing.

Noise from some processes or equipment can damage hearing.



- Check for noise level limits exceeding those specified by OSHA.
- Use approved ear plugs or ear muffs if noise level is high.
- Warn others nearby about noise hazard.

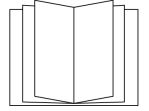
### WELDING WIRE can injure.

- Keep hands and body away from gun tip when trigger is pressed.



### READ INSTRUCTIONS.

- Read and follow all labels and the Owner's Manual carefully before installing, operating, or servicing unit. Read the safety information at the beginning of the Manual and in each section.
- Use only genuine replacement parts from the manufacturer.
- Perform installation, maintenance, and service according to the Owner's Manuals, industry standards, and national, state, and local codes.



## 1-3 California Proposition 65 Warnings



**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including lead, which are known to the state of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

For more information, go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

## 1-4 Principal Safety Standards

*Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes*, American Welding Society standard ANSI Standard Z49.1. Website: [www.aws.org](http://www.aws.org).

*Safe Practice For Occupational And Educational Eye And Face Protection*, ANSI Standard Z87.1, from American National Standards Institute. Website: [www.ansi.org](http://www.ansi.org).

*Safe Practices for the Preparation of Containers and Piping for Welding and Cutting*, American Welding Society Standard AWS F4.1. Website: [www.aws.org](http://www.aws.org).

*National Electrical Code*, NFPA Standard 70 from National Fire Protection Association. Website: [www.nfpa.org](http://www.nfpa.org).

*Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Cylinders*, CGA Pamphlet P-1 from Compressed Gas Association. Website: [www.cganet.com](http://www.cganet.com).

*Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes*, CSA Standard W117.2 from Canadian Standards Association. Website: [www.csagroup.org](http://www.csagroup.org).

*Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hot Work*, NFPA Standard 51B from National Fire Protection Association. Website: [www.nfpa.org](http://www.nfpa.org).

OSHA, Occupational Safety and Health Standards for General Industry, Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 1910.177 Subpart N, Part 1910 Subpart Q, and Part 1926, Subpart J. Website: [www.osha.gov](http://www.osha.gov).

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## 1-5 EMF Information

Electric current flowing through any conductor causes localized electric and magnetic fields (EMF). The current from arc welding (and allied processes including spot welding, gouging, plasma arc cutting, and induction heating operations) creates an EMF field around the welding circuit. EMF fields may interfere with some medical implants, e.g. Pacemakers. Protective measures for persons wearing medical implants have to be taken. For example, restrict access for passersby or conduct individual risk assessment for welders. All welders should use the following procedures in order to minimize exposure to EMF fields from the welding circuit:

1. Keep cables close together by twisting or taping them, or using a cable cover.
2. Do not place your body between welding cables. Arrange cables to one side and away from the operator.

3. Do not coil or drape cables around your body.
4. Keep head and trunk as far away from the equipment in the welding circuit as possible.
5. Connect work clamp to workpiece as close to the weld as possible.
6. Do not work next to, sit or lean on the welding power source.
7. Do not weld whilst carrying the welding power source wire feeder.

### About Implanted Medical Devices:

Implanted Medical Device wearers should consult their doctor and the device manufacturer before performing or going near arc welding, spot welding, gouging, plasma arc cutting, or induction heating operations. If cleared by your doctor, then following the above procedures is recommended.

# SECTION 2 — CONSIGNES DE SÉCURITÉ — LIRE AVANT UTILISATION

 Pour écarter les risques de blessure pour vous-même et pour autrui — lire, appliquer et ranger en lieu sûr ces consignes relatives aux précautions de sécurité et au mode opératoire.

## 2-1 Symboles utilisés

 **DANGER!** – Indique une situation dangereuse qui si on l'évite pas peut donner la mort ou des blessures graves. Les dangers possibles sont montrés par les symboles joints ou sont expliqués dans le texte.

 Indique une situation dangereuse qui si on l'évite pas peut donner la mort ou des blessures graves. Les dangers possibles sont montrés par les symboles joints ou sont expliqués dans le texte.


*AVIS* – Indique des déclarations pas en relation avec des blessures personnelles.


 – Indique des instructions spécifiques.



Ce groupe de symboles veut dire Avertissement! Attention! DANGER DE CHOC ELECTRIQUE, PIECES EN MOUVEMENT, et PIECES CHAUDES. Reportez-vous aux symboles et aux directives cidessous afin de connaître les mesures à prendre pour éviter tout danger.

## 2-2 Dangers relatifs au soudage à l'arc

 Les symboles donnés ci-après sont utilisés dans tout le manuel pour attirer l'attention sur les dangers possibles et pour indiquer le type de danger dont il s'agit. Quand on voit le symbole, prendre garde et suivre les directives correspondantes pour éviter le danger. Les consignes de sécurité présentées ci-après ne font que résumer l'information contenue dans les Normes de sécurité principales, et dans le Guide d'utilisation de la source de courant de soudage. Lire et suivre toutes les Normes de sécurité.

 L'installation, l'utilisation, l'entretien et les réparations ne doivent être confiés qu'à des personnes qualifiées. Une personne qualifiée est définie comme celle qui, par la possession d'un diplôme reconnu, d'un certificat ou d'un statut professionnel, ou qui, par une connaissance, une formation et une expérience approfondies, a démontré avec succès sa capacité à résoudre les problèmes liés à la tâche, le travail ou le projet et a reçu une formation en sécurité afin de reconnaître et d'éviter les risques inhérents.

 Au cours de l'utilisation, tenir toute personne à l'écart et plus particulièrement les enfants.

## UN CHOC ÉLECTRIQUE peut tuer.



- Porter toujours des gants secs et isolants.
- S'isoler de la pièce et de la terre.
- Ne jamais toucher une électrode ou des pièces électriques sous tension.
- Remplacer les pistolets ou câbles de soudage qui sont endommagés, usés ou craquelés.
- Mettre la soudeuse hors tension avant de remplacer un bec contact ou des pièces de pistolet.
- S'assurer que tous les couvercles et poignées sont fermement assujettis.

## LES FUMÉES ET LES GAZ peuvent être dangereux.



- Garder la tête hors des fumées.
- Aérer la zone de travail ou porter un appareil respiratoire. Pour déterminer la bonne ventilation, il est recommandé de procéder à un prélèvement pour la composition et la quantité de fumées et de gaz auxquels est exposé le personnel.
- Lire et comprendre les fiches de données de sécurité et les instructions du fabricant concernant les adhésifs, les revêtements, les nettoyeurs, les consommables, les produits de refroidissement, les dégraissants, les flux et les métaux.

## Les PIÈCES MOBILES peuvent causer des blessures.



- Ne pas s'approcher des organes mobiles.
- Ne pas s'approcher des points de coincement tels que des rouleaux de commande.

## Le SOUDAGE peut provoquer un incendie ou une explosion.



- Ne pas souder à proximité de matériaux inflammables
- Ne pas effectuer le soudage sur des conteneurs fermés tels que des réservoirs, tambours, ou conduites, à moins qu'ils n'aient été préparés correctement conformément à AWS F4.1 et AWS A6.0 (voir les Normes de Sécurité).
- Prendre garde aux incendies et toujours avoir un extincteur à proximité.

- Lire et comprendre les fiches de données de sécurité et les instructions du fabricant concernant les adhésifs, les revêtements, les nettoyeurs, les consommables, les produits de refroidissement, les dégraissateurs, les flux et les métaux.

### L'ACCUMULATION DE GAZ risquent de provoquer des blessures ou même la mort.



- Fermer l'alimentation du gaz comprimé en cas de non utilisation.
- Veiller toujours à bien aérer les espaces confinés ou se servir d'un respirateur d'adduction d'air homologué.

### LE RAYONNEMENT DE L'ARC peut brûler les yeux et la peau.

Le rayonnement de l'arc du procédé de soudage génère des rayons visibles et invisibles intenses (ultraviolets et infrarouges) susceptibles de provoquer des brûlures dans les yeux et sur la peau. Des étincelles sont projetées pendant le soudage.



- Porter un casque de soudage approuvé muni de verres filtrants approprié pour protéger visage et yeux pendant le soudage (voir ANSI Z49.1 et Z87.1 énuméré dans les normes de sécurité).
- Porter des lunettes de sécurité avec écrans latéraux même sous votre casque.
- Avoir recours à des écrans protecteurs ou à des rideaux pour protéger les autres contre les rayonnements les éblouissements et les étincelles ; prévenir toute personne sur les lieux de ne pas regarder l'arc.
- Porter une protection corporelle en cuir ou des vêtements ignifugés (FRC). La protection du corps comporte des vêtements sans huile, comme des gants de cuir, une chemise solide, des pantalons sans revers, des chaussures hautes et une casquette.

### LES PIÈCES CHAUDES peuvent provoquer des brûlures.



- Laisser refroidir le pistolet avant de le toucher.
- Ne pas toucher d'objets métalliques chauds.
- Abriter les objets métalliques contre tout contact par les personnes à proximité.

### Le BRUIT peut endommager l'ouïe.

Le bruit des processus et des équipements peut affecter l'ouïe.



- Vérifier si les niveaux de bruit excèdent les limites spécifiées par l'OSHA.
- Utiliser des bouches-oreilles ou des serre-tête antibruit approuvés si le niveau de bruit est élevé.

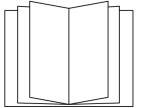
- Avertir les personnes à proximité au sujet du danger inhérent au bruit.

### LES FILS DE SOUDAGE peuvent provoquer des blessures.




- Éloigner les mains et le corps de la buse du pistolet après avoir appuyé sur la gâchette.

### LIRE LES INSTRUCTIONS.



- Lire et appliquer les instructions sur les étiquettes et le Mode d'emploi avant l'installation, l'utilisation ou l'entretien de l'appareil. Lire les informations de sécurité au début du manuel et dans chaque section.
- N'utiliser que les pièces de remplacement provenant du fabricant.
- Effectuer l'installation, l'entretien et toute intervention selon les manuels d'utilisateurs, les normes nationales, provinciales et de l'industrie, ainsi que les codes municipaux.

## 2-3 Proposition californienne 65 avertissements

 **AVERTISSEMENT** – Ce produit peut vous exposer à des produits chimiques tels que le plomb, reconnus par l'État de Californie comme cancérigènes et sources de malformations ou d'autres troubles de la reproduction

Pour plus d'informations, consulter [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

## 2-4 Principales normes de sécurité

*Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes*, American Welding Society standard ANSI Standard Z49.1. Website: [www.aws.org](http://www.aws.org).

*Safe Practice For Occupational And Educational Eye And Face Protection*, ANSI Standard Z87.1, from American National Standards Institute. Website: [www.ansi.org](http://www.ansi.org).

*Safe Practices for the Preparation of Containers and Piping for Welding and Cutting*, American Welding Society Standard AWS F4.1 from Global Engineering Documents. Website: [www.aws.org](http://www.aws.org).

*National Electrical Code*, NFPA Standard 70 from National Fire Protection Association. Website: [www.nfpa.org](http://www.nfpa.org).

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## 2-5 Informations relatives aux CEM

Le courant électrique qui traverse tout conducteur génère des champs électromagnétiques (CEM) à certains endroits. Le courant issu d'un soudage à l'arc (et de procédés connexes, y compris le soudage par points, le gougeage, le découpage plasma et les opérations de chauffage par induction) crée un champ électromagnétique (CEM) autour du circuit de soudage. Les champs électromagnétiques produits peuvent causer interférence à certains implants médicaux, p. ex. les stimulateurs cardiaques. Des mesures de protection pour les porteurs d'implants médicaux doivent être prises: par exemple, des restrictions d'accès pour les passants ou une évaluation individuelle des risques pour les soudeurs. Tous les soudeurs doivent appliquer les procédures suivantes pour minimiser l'exposition aux CEM provenant du circuit de soudage:

1. Rassembler les câbles en les torsadant ou en les attachant avec du ruban adhésif ou avec une housse.
2. Ne pas se tenir au milieu des câbles de soudage. Disposer les câbles d'un côté et à distance de l'opérateur.

3. Ne pas courber et ne pas entourer les câbles autour de votre corps.
4. Maintenir la tête et le torse aussi loin que possible du matériel du circuit de soudage.
5. Connecter la pince sur la pièce aussi près que possible de la soudure.
6. Ne pas travailler à proximité d'une source de soudage, ni s'asseoir ou se pencher dessus.
7. Ne pas souder tout en portant la source de soudage ou le dévidoir.

### En ce qui concerne les implants médicaux :

Les porteurs d'implants doivent d'abord consulter leur médecin avant de s'approcher des opérations de soudage à l'arc, de soudage par points, de gougeage, du coupage plasma ou de chauffage par induction. Si le médecin approuve, il est recommandé de suivre les procédures précédentes.

## SECTION 3 — PRECAUCIONES DE SEGURIDAD — LEA ANTES DE USAR



Protéjase usted mismo y a otros contra lesiones — lea, cumpla y conserve estas importantes precauciones de seguridad e instrucciones de utilización.

### 3-1 Uso de símbolos



**PELIGRO!** – Indica una situación peligrosa que, si no se la evita, resultará en muerte o lesión grave. Los peligros posibles se muestran en los símbolos adjuntos o se explican en el texto.



Indica una situación peligrosa que, si no se la evita, podría resultar en muerte o lesión grave. Los peligros posibles se muestran en los símbolos adjuntos, o se explican en el texto.

**AVISO** – Indica precauciones no relacionadas a lesiones personales.

 – Indica instrucciones especiales.



Este grupo de símbolos significa ¡Advertencia!, ¡Cuidado! CHOQUE O DESCARGA ELÉCTRICA, PIEZAS QUE SE MUEVEN, y peligros de PARTES CALIENTES. Consulte los símbolos y las instrucciones relacionadas que aparecen a continuación para ver las acciones necesarias para evitar estos peligros.

### 3-2 Peligros en soldadura de arco



Los símbolos mostrados abajo se usan en todo este manual para llamar la atención a e identificar los posibles peligros. Cuando vea el símbolo, preste atención y siga las instrucciones relacionadas para evitar el peligro. La información de seguridad dada abajo es solamente un resumen de la información más completa de seguridad que se encuentra en los estándares de seguridad, y la fuente de alimentación para soldadura del Manual del usuario. Lea y siga todas las normas de seguridad.



Solamente personal cualificado debe instalar, utilizar, mantener y reparar este equipo. La definición de personal cualificado es cualquier persona que, debido a que posee un título, un certificado o una posición profesional reconocida, o gracias a su gran conocimiento, capacitación y experiencia, haya demostrado con éxito la capacidad para solucionar o resolver problemas relacionados con el trabajo, el proyecto o el tema en cuestión, además de haber asistido a una capacitación en seguridad para reconocer y evitar los peligros que implica el proceso.



Durante su operación mantenga lejos a todos, especialmente a los niños.

### UNA DESCARGA ELÉCTRICA puede matarlo.



- Siempre use guantes aislantes secos.
- Aíslese usted mismo del trabajo y la tierra.
- No toque electrodo eléctricamente vivo o partes eléctricamente vivas.
- Reemplace antorchas o cables desgastados, dañados o rotos.
- Repare o reemplace aislamiento de la pistola o del cable que esté desgastado, dañado o agrietado.
- Apague la máquina de soldar antes de cambiar los tubos de contacto o piezas de la antorcha.
- Mantenga todas las tapas y asa bien seguras en sitio.

### HUMO y GASES pueden ser peligrosos.



- Mantenga su cabeza fuera del humo.
- Ventile el lugar o use un aparato para respirar. El método recomendado para determinar la ventilación adecuada es tomar muestras de la composición y cantidad de humos y gases a los que está expuesto el personal.
- Lea y entienda las Hojas de datos del material (SDS) y las instrucciones del fabricante relacionadas con los adhesivos, metales, consumibles, recubrimientos, limpiadores, refrigerantes, desengrasadores, fundentes y metales.

### Las PIEZAS MÓVILES pueden provocar lesiones.



- Aléjese de toda parte en movimiento.
- Aléjese de todo punto que pellizque, tal como rodillos impulsados.

### EL SOLDAR puede causar fuego o explosión.



- No suelde cerca de material inflamable
- No suelde en recipientes que han contenido combustibles, ni en recipientes cerrados como tanques, tambores o tuberías, a menos que estén preparados correctamente de acuerdo con la norma AWS F4.1 y AWS A6.0 (vea las normas de seguridad).
- Siempre mire que no haya fuego y mantenga un extinguidor de fuego cerca.
- Lea y entienda las Hojas de datos del material (SDS) y las instrucciones del fabricante relacionadas con los adhesivos, metales, consumibles, recubrimientos, limpiadores, refrigerantes, desengrasadores, fundentes y metales.

## EL AMONTONAMIENTO DE GAS puede enfermarle o matarle.



- Cierre el suministro de gas comprimido cuando no lo use.
- Siempre dé ventilación a espacios cerrados o use un respirador aprobado que reemplaza el aire.

## LOS RAYOS DEL ARCO pueden quemar sus ojos y piel.



Los rayos del arco de un proceso de suelda producen un calor intenso y rayos ultravioletas fuertes que pueden quemar los ojos y la piel. Las chispas se escapan de la soldadura.

- Use una careta para soldar aprobada equipada con un filtro de protección apropiado para proteger su cara y ojos de los rayos del arco y de las chispas mientras esté soldando o mirando. (véase los estándares de seguridad ANSI Z49.1 y Z87.1).
- Use anteojos de seguridad aprobados que tengan protección lateral.
- Use pantallas de protección o barreras para proteger a otros del destello, reflejos y chispas, alerte a otros que no miren el arco.
- Use protección para el cuerpo hecha de cuero o de prendas resistentes a las llamas (FRC). Entre la protección para el cuerpo se incluye la ropa sin aceite, como guantes de cuero, una camisa gruesa, pantalones sin vuelta, calzado alto y una gorra.

## PARTES CALIENTES puedan causar quemaduras severas.



- Permita que la antorcha se enfríe antes de tocarla.
- No toque metal caliente.
- Proteja a otros del contacto con el metal caliente.

## EL RUIDO puede trastornar su oído.



Ruido proveniente de algunos procesos o equipo puede dañar el oído.

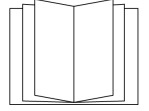
- Chequee los límites del nivel del ruido si exceden aquellos especificados por OSHA.
- Use tapas para los oídos o cubiertas para los oídos si el nivel del ruido es demasiado alto.
- Advierta a otros que estén cerca acerca del peligro del ruido.

## El ALAMBRE de SOLDAR puede causarle heridas.



- Mantenga las manos y el cuerpo lejos del tubo de contacto de la antorcha cuando se haya presionado el gatillo.

## LEER INSTRUCCIONES.



- Lea y siga cuidadosamente las instrucciones contenidas en todas las etiquetas y en el Manual del usuario antes de instalar, utilizar o realizar tareas de mantenimiento en la unidad. Lea la información de seguridad incluida en la primera parte del manual y en cada sección.
- Utilice únicamente piezas de reemplazo legítimas del fabricante.
- Los trabajos de instalación y mantenimiento deben ser ejecutados de acuerdo con las instrucciones del manual del usuario, las normas del sector y los códigos nacionales, estatales y locales.

### 3-3 Advertencias de la Proposición 65 del estado de California



**ADVERTENCIA:** Este producto puede exponerlo a químicos, incluso plomo, que el estado de California conoce como causantes de cáncer, defectos de nacimiento u otros daños reproductivos.

Para obtener más información, acceda a [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

### 3-4 Estándares principales de seguridad

*Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes*, American Welding Society standard ANSI Standard Z49.1. Website: [www.aws.org](http://www.aws.org).

*Safe Practice For Occupational And Educational Eye And Face Protection*, ANSI Standard Z87.1, from American National Standards Institute. Website: [www.ansi.org](http://www.ansi.org).

*Safe Practices for the Preparation of Containers and Piping for Welding and Cutting*, American Welding Society Standard AWS F4.1 from Global Engineering Documents. Website: [www.aws.org](http://www.aws.org).

*National Electrical Code*, NFPA Standard 70 from National Fire Protection Association. Website: [www.nfpa.org](http://www.nfpa.org).

*Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Cylinders*, CGA Pamphlet P-1 from Compressed Gas Association. Website: [www.cganet.com](http://www.cganet.com).

*Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes*, CSA Standard W117.2 from Canadian Standards Association. Website: [www.csagroup.org](http://www.csagroup.org).

*Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hot Work*, NFPA Standard 51B from National Fire Protection Association. Website: [www.nfpa.org](http://www.nfpa.org).

OSHA, Occupational Safety and Health Standards for General Industry, Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 1910.177 Subpart N, Part 1910 Subpart Q, and Part 1926, Subpart J. Website: [www.osha.gov](http://www.osha.gov).

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### 3-5 Información sobre los campos electromagnéticos (EMF)

La corriente que fluye a través de un conductor genera campos eléctricos y magnéticos (EMF) localizados. La corriente del arco de soldadura (y otras técnicas afines como la soldadura por puntos, el ranurado, el corte por plasma y el calentamiento por inducción) genera un campo EMF alrededor del circuito de soldadura. Los campos EMF pueden interferir con algunos dispositivos médicos implantados como, por ejemplo, los marcapasos. Por lo tanto, se deben tomar medidas de protección para las personas que utilizan estos implantes médicos. Por ejemplo, aplique restricciones al acceso de personas que pasan por las cercanías o realice evaluaciones de riesgo individuales para los soldadores. Todos los soldadores deben seguir los procedimientos que se indican a continuación con el objeto de minimizar la exposición a los campos EMF generados por el circuito de soldadura:

1. Mantenga los cables juntos retorciéndolos entre sí o uniéndolos mediante cintas o una cubierta para cables.
2. No ubique su cuerpo entre los cables de soldadura. Disponga los cables a un lado y apártelos del operario.

3. No enrolle ni cuelgue los cables sobre su cuerpo.
4. Mantenga la cabeza y el tronco tan apartados del equipo del circuito de soldadura como le sea posible.
5. Conecte la pinza de masa en la pieza lo más cerca posible de la soldadura.
6. No trabaje cerca de la fuente de alimentación para soldadura, ni se siente o recueste sobre ella.
7. No suelde mientras transporta la fuente de alimentación o el alimentador de alambre.

#### **Acerca de los aparatos médicos implantados:**

Las personas que usen aparatos médico implantados deben consultar con su médico y el fabricante del aparato antes de llevar a cabo o acercarse a soldadura de arco, soldadura de punto, ranurar, hacer corte por plasma, u operaciones de calentamiento por inducción. Si su doctor lo permite, entonces siga los procedimientos de arriba.

# SECTION 4 — PRODUCT WARRANTY

## 4-1 Product Warranty

### Limited Warranty

Tregaskiss' Products shall, from the date of original purchase (or, solely with respect to Low Stress Robotic Unicables packaged with any Tregaskiss® Robotic MIG Gun, from the date the product goes into production for its intended use) and for the period set forth below, be free from defects in material and workmanship. To obtain repair or replacement of any Product, the covered Product must be delivered, transportation pre-paid by Purchaser, to the address specified by Tregaskiss on its Returned Materials Authorization, with: (i) written proof of warranty coverage (e.g., Purchaser dated purchase order); (ii) serial number on product (if any); (iii) the Product's installed location within Purchaser's facility and usage of the Product; and (iv) written specification of any alleged defect(s). In the event the foregoing materials are not timely provided to Tregaskiss by claimant, warranty coverage will be determined by Tregaskiss, in its sole discretion. For the avoidance of doubt, the warranty period for any Product or part/component of any Product that is replaced or repaired by Tregaskiss under the foregoing warranty is not extended or renewed at the time of such replacement or repair. **The Warranty against defects does not apply to: (1) consumable components or ordinary wear items; (2) products which are improperly altered, modified, stored, installed, operated, handled, used or neglected or use of the Products with equipment, components or parts not specified or supplied by Tregaskiss or contemplated under the Product documentation; or (3) Products which have not been operated, maintained, and repaired pursuant to Product documentation provided by Tregaskiss. Purchaser shall pay Tregaskiss for all warranty claim costs incurred by Tregaskiss (including inspection, labor, parts, testing, scrap and freight) due to warranty claims submitted by Purchaser which are not covered by Tregaskiss' warranty.**

- Bernard® BTB Semi-Automatic Air-Cooled MIG Guns: **1 year**; *Lifetime warranty on straight handles, straight handle switches, and rear strain relief*
- Bernard® W-Gun™ and T-Gun™ Semi-Automatic Water-Cooled MIG Guns: **180 days**
- Bernard® TGX® Chassis and Bernard TGX Ready To Weld MIG Guns: **90 days**
- Tregaskiss® Robotic MIG Guns and Components: **1 year**
- Tregaskiss® Automatic MIG Guns: **1 year**
- Tregaskiss® TOUGH GUN® Reamer:
  - When factory-equipped with lubricator: **2 years** when factory-equipped with lubricator
  - When (i) factory-equipped with lubricator and (ii) used exclusively with Tregaskiss® TOUGH GARD® Anti-Spatter Liquid: **3 years** when both (i) and (ii)
- Tregaskiss® TOUGH GUN® Robotic Peripheral (Clutch, Sprayer, Wire Cutter, Arms): **1 year**
- Tregaskiss® Low-Stress Robotic Unicables (LSR+ Unicables): **6 months**

### Service Warranty

Tregaskiss warrants the Services shall conform to any mutually agreed upon specifications or statements of work. Purchaser's sole remedy, and Tregaskiss's sole liability, for a breach of the foregoing warranty is for Tregaskiss, at its option, to re-perform the Services or credit Purchaser's account for such Services.

### Limitation of Liability and Remedies

TREGASKISS WILL NOT BE LIABLE, AND PURCHASER WAIVES ALL CLAIMS AGAINST TREGASKISS FOR INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, PUNITIVE OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, DOWN TIME, LOST PROFITS OR COMMERCIAL LOSSES, WHETHER OR NOT BASED UPON TREGASKISS' NEGLIGENCE OR BREACH OF WARRANTY OR STRICT LIABILITY IN TORT OR ANY OTHER CAUSE OF ACTION. IN NO EVENT WILL TREGASKISS' LIABILITY IN CONNECTION WITH THE AGREEMENT OR SALE OF TREGASKISS' PRODUCTS OR SERVICES EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE SPECIFIC PRODUCTS OR SERVICES AS TO WHICH THE CLAIM IS MADE.

## SECTION 5 — SPECIFICATIONS

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### 5-1 Specifications

 Gun™ Semi-Automatic Water-Cooled MIG (GMAW) Welding Gun

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600 amp gun feeds maximum wire size of 3/32" (2.4 mm)

**Duty Cycle Rating:**  
100%: 600 amp with CO<sub>2</sub> Shielding Gas



## SECTION 6 — INSTALLATION

1. Your gun has been shipped with a specific feeder connector and sized for electrode as per the part number indicated on its package. Please inspect the received gun against this part number for accuracy.
2. Turn off power prior to any installation.
3. Fully extend gun and cable. Press liner fully into power pin.
4. Safely expose approximately 2" (51 mm) of electrode beyond feeder or adaptor block.
5. **a. Bernard Quick-Disconnect**  
If you have purchased a Bernard quick-disconnect gun, it is necessary to connect this unit to an adaptor or kit providing the shielding gas, control circuit, and arc power. If this is a new installation, install the adaptor kit as per the kit instructions. With the Bernard adaptor installed, perform the following:  
  
Orient the power pin and gas pin with the adaptor receptacle. Slide the electrode into the liner and push the power pin into the socket. Rotate the locking sleeve until the locking pins of adaptor drop into the receiver of locking sleeve. Continue to engage power pin while twisting locking sleeve to make connection. Shielding gas, control circuit, and power are now engaged.  
  
**b. Direct Plug / Power Pin**  
Connect the power pin of the direct plug gun by sliding the electrode into the liner and the power fitting into the drive housing of the feeder. Fully seat the unit in position and tighten into place as designated in the manufacturer's instructions. On initial installations, a thin film of silicone lubricant will aid installation and prevent o-ring damage.  
  
Attach control lead wires to the appropriate plug, terminals or lead kit. Plug or wire into the control circuit of the feeder as designated in manufacturer's instructions.  
  
If a gas hose is provided, connect to the feeder's solenoid circuit to deliver shielding gas to the arc. If no gas is provided, gas is delivered through the power pin. Refer to the manufacturer's instructions for proper gas connection at the feeder block or solenoid.
6. Connect water lines to a water coolant source. Each hose is identified for proper connection by a tethered drip cap (blue: water inlet, red: water outlet) and label. If a water hose hook-up kit is used, make all runs as short as possible.
6. ~~(continued)~~ Always use hoses with at least 3/16" inside diameter for extended runs. Reinforced hoses of high quality are recommended to prevent damage due to operating pressures, heat, and hose contamination. The coolant system must produce a minimum of 0.5 gpm at 60 psi. Run coolant through gun for approximately 2 minutes to purge system of entrapped air before applying power. Water must flow through the gun at all times while the power supply is on.
7. Remove nozzle from gas diffuser.
8. **a. AccuLock™ and Quik Tip:**  
Remove tip with a counterclockwise turn. An unobstructed electrode path has now been established.  
  
**b. Centerfire™ Tip:**  
Remove tip holder by turning counterclockwise and then pull tip from gas diffuser. An unobstructed electrode path has now been established.
9. Safely feed electrode through the gun and approximately 1" (25 mm) beyond gas diffuser.
10. **a. AccuLock™ and Quik Tip:**  
Reinstall the contact tip over the electrode locking into position with a clockwise motion. Reinstall nozzle.  
  
**b. Centerfire Tip:**  
Reinstall the contact tip over the electrode and lock into position by reinstalling the tip holder. Reinstall nozzle.  
  
**c. Quik Tip:**  
~~Reinstall the contact tip over the electrode locking into position with a clockwise motion. Reinstall nozzle.~~

### **NOTICE!**

**Coolant must flow through the gun prior to and during welding. Welding current and duty cycle should not exceed published specification of this product. If such conditions exist, product life and performance will be reduced.**

## SECTION 7 — OPERATION

### 7-1 Consumables



#### A. Nozzles

1. If anti-spatter is used, do not coat nozzle insulator as this may degrade insulating material.
2. Nozzle should be cleaned as often as possible. Spatter buildup can often lead to poor gas shielding or short circuiting between the contact tip and the nozzle.
3. Spatter should be removed with the proper tools designed for spatter removal.
4. In high temperature welding applications, heavy duty consumables are recommended.

#### B. Contact Tips and Gas Diffusers

1. Centerfire contact tips may be removed and rotated in gas diffuser to provide additional wear surfaces and extend the service life of the product.
2. Inspect gas diffuser for spatter adhesion, blocked gas ports, and carbonized contact surfaces. Clean as often as possible.
3. If anti-spatter is used, periodically check gas ports for blockage.
4. When using dual shield electrode, periodically check gas ports for clogging caused by flux from within the electrode.


### 7-2 Cable



1. Periodically check torques of neck and end fittings. Loose fittings can cause overheating and premature failure of the gun.
2. Sharp bends and loops in the cable should be avoided. Often the best solution is to suspend the wire feeder from a boom or trolley, thus eliminating a large number of bends and keeping the cable clear of hot weldments.
3. Do not immerse liner into solvents for cleaning. The liner may be periodically blown out with compressed air.
4. Avoid rough surfaces and sharp edges that can cause tears and nicks in cable jacket, which can cause premature failure.
5. Periodically check all cables and ground connections.
6. Use anti-seize on all threaded connections.

### 7-3 Feeder



1. Check drive rolls for wear. Be sure drive rolls and guide tubes are clean and free of debris. Do not overtighten drive rolls. Set as per manufacturer's specifications.. 
2. Use clean, non-corroded electrode..
3. When installing or replacing electrode, you may (i) remove burrs from end of electrode, (ii) remove gas diffuser and contact tip, and/or (iii) straighten the first few inches of electrode.

## SECTION 8 — MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR

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### 8-1 General Inspection

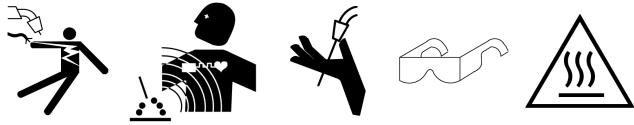
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1. Inspect gun periodically for worn or loose parts. Tighten, repair, or replace as necessary.
2. Periodically inspect outer cable cover for nicks or cuts that can cause short circuiting or allow the cable assembly's internal components to become exposed. Replace as necessary.
3. Inspect adaptor and direct plug connection for wear that may cause overheating. Replace as necessary.
4. Change or rotate contact tip when arc tracking or arc instability is incurred. NOTE: A contact tip may look worn but produce a stable arc with good results.
5. Clean the nozzle as often as possible to prevent spatter buildup. Excess spatter can lead to poor gas shielding or short circuiting. Replace the nozzle when worn.
6. Periodically check torques of all water connections to maintain cool and dry operation. Tighten as described in the following sections.
7. Replace the liner system as electrode feeding becomes erratic.

## 8-2 Nozzles

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### A. Removal

1. The nozzle is a friction fit which can be removed with a twisting and pulling motion.

### B. Service

1. Inspect nozzle for cracks and degradation of insulation.
2. Clean the nozzle as often as possible to prevent spatter buildup which can lead to poor gas shielding or short circuiting.
3. Replace the nozzle when loose, worn, or producing erratic gas shielding.

### C. Replacement

1. Replace with a pushing and twisting motion.

## 8-3 Contact Tips

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Bernard Tools designed its contact tips to allow rapid installation and adjustment.

## A. Removal

1. Cut electrode and remove all burrs before removing the contact tip.
2. **a. AccuLock™ contact tips:** Remove contact tip with a counterclockwise turn.  
**b. Centerfire™ contact tips:** Remove tip holder by turning counterclockwise and then pull from gas diffuser.  
~~**c. Quik Tip™ contact tips:** Remove contact tip with a counterclockwise turn.~~

## B. Service

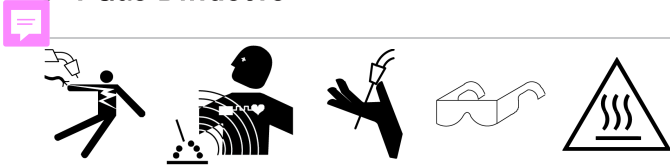
1. To extend contact tip life, reface front end of the contact tip and clean the bore.

**NOTE:** Centerfire contact tips may be rotated in gas diffuser socket to provide additional wear surface and extend the service life of the product.

## C. Replacement

1. **a. AccuLock™ contact tips:** Reinstall the contact tip over the electrode and lock into position by reinstalling the tip holder, then reinstall the nozzle.  
**b. Centerfire™ contact tips:** Reinstall the contact tip over the electrode, locking into position with a clockwise motion, then reinstall the nozzle.  
~~**c. Quik tips:** Reinstall the contact tip over the electrode, locking into position with a clockwise motion, then reinstall the nozzle.~~

## 8-4 Gas Diffusers



## A. Removal

1. The gas diffuser may be removed with an appropriate wrench in a counterclockwise rotation.

## B. Service

1. Inspect gas diffuser and Centerfire tip holder for spatter, blocked gas ports, and carburized surfaces.
2. Clean as often as possible.
3. Replace with new gas diffuser or Centerfire tip holder when wear prevents engagement of contact tip or nozzle.

## C. Replacement

1. Firmly secure gas diffuser with an appropriate wrench in a clockwise rotation.
2. Reinstall gas diffuser insulator to decrease the chances of short circuiting. **NOTE:** The Centerfire gas diffuser does not require a gas diffuser insulator.

## 8-5 Liner

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### A. Removal

1. Remove nozzle, contact tip and gas diffuser.
2. Lay cable straight.
3. Grasp liner lock which protrudes from power pin. **NOTE:** Some direct plugs may require removal of additional components to access the liner lock.
4. Remove liner from cable by pulling.

### B. Service

1. Inspect for excessive wear and debris on the inside diameter.

**NOTE:** Do not dip liner in solvents for cleaning. Liner may be periodically blown out with compressed air.

2. Replace with new liner when excessive wear or debris produces poor electrode feed.

### C. Replacement

1. Insert liner into power pin with cable laying straight.
2. Continue until liner lock is fully seated into power pin.

**NOTE:** A twisting motion may be necessary to seat o-ring.


**NOTE:** Some direct plugs may require installation of additional components to secure liner.

3. Trim and deburr the liner 3/8" (9.5 mm) past the nozzle end of the neck.
4. Install gas diffuser, contact tip and nozzle.

## 8-6 Handle/Switch - Curved Handle



### A. Removal

1. Remove screws, post fasteners, and hang-up hook. 
2. Separate handle halves to expose interior connections and trigger switch assembly.
3. Slide switch assembly out of cavity and remove terminals from trigger.

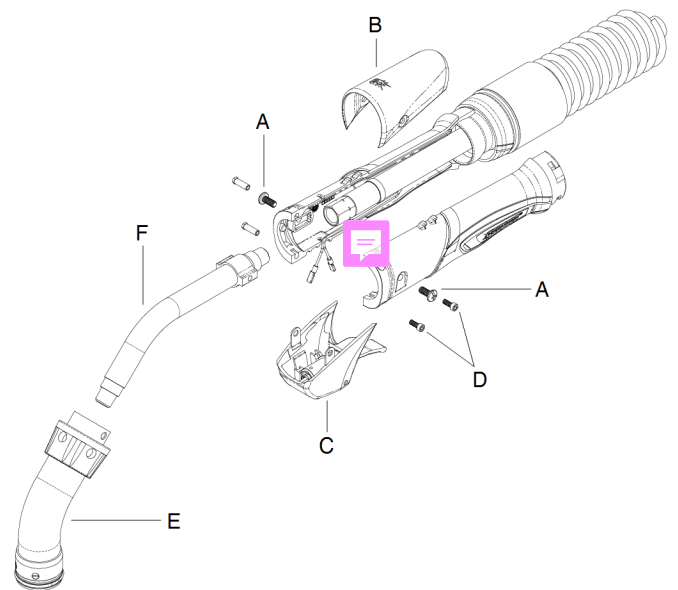
### B. Service

1. Inspect for cracks, deformation of hex areas, debris, holes, loose or missing threaded inserts, excessive wear, exterior heat deformation, and warpage.
2. If any of the above conditions exist, replace with new handle or clean all surfaces with mild detergent and reinstall.
3. Test switch for continuity.
4. Clean any debris from trigger. If necessary, replace with new trigger.

### C. Replacement

1. Begin assembly by placing the hexagon portion of the neck within the rear hexagon portion of the handle half. The hex bushing will be cradled within the forward hex locators.
2. Install switch assembly by pressing control wire terminals fully onto terminals of switch assembly and slide assembly into switch cavity.
3. Route hoses, cable, control wires, and switch as not to be pinched when reinstalling second half.
4. Install hang-up hook, post fasteners, and handle screws.
5. Tighten screws while being aware not to pinch cable jacket in joint between the handle halves.


Figure 8-A



## 8-7 Handle/Switch - Legacy Straight Handle



### A. Removal

1. Remove switch and screws from handle. See 
2. Remove terminals from the switch assembly.
3. Slide handle down the cable to gain access to neck connections.
4. Neck must be removed to replace handle on all round handled guns except those with straight necks.

### B. Service

1. Inspect for cracks, debris, holes, loose or missing threaded inserts, excessive wear, exterior heat deformation, and warpage.
2. If any of the above conditions exist, replace with new handle or clean all surfaces with mild detergent and reinstall.
3. Test switch for continuity.
4. Clean any debris from trigger. If necessary, replace with new trigger.

### C. Replacement


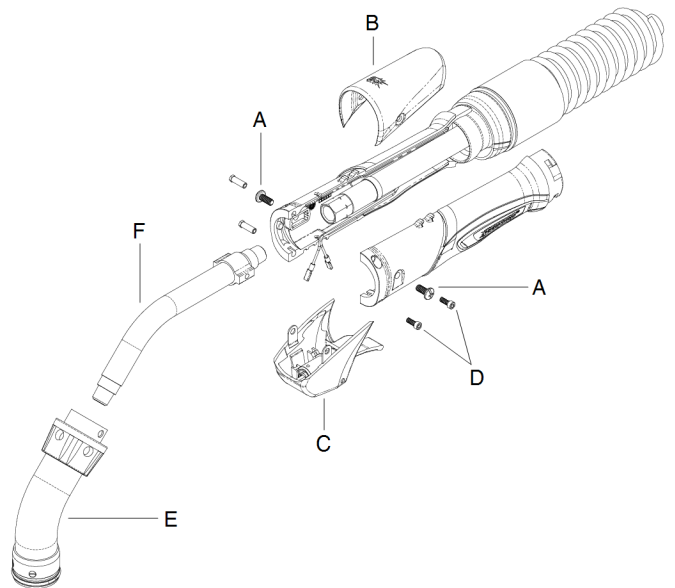
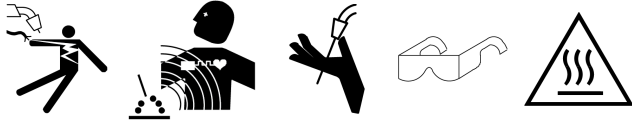
1. Slide handle over power cable.
2. Reinstall neck. See 
3. Place the hexagon bushing on the neck.
4. Install aluminum spacers over the bushing and secure with screws.
5. Install insulation spacers on hexagon water block and secure using pop rivet. **NOTE:** Top mount switch assemblies require insulation spacers be mounted on the bottom of the hexagon water block. Bottom mount switch assemblies require insulation spacers be mounted on the top of the hexagon water block.
6. Route control wires as not to be pinched when reinstalling handle.
7. Align spacers and secure with screws.
8. Install switch assembly into position by installing terminals onto the switch assembly and then secure with screws.

Figure 8-B



## 8-8 Handle/Switch - HD Straight Handle



### A. Removal

1. Remove switch and screws from handle. See .
2. Cut wires from the switch assembly to remove switch.
3. Slide handle down the cable to gain access to neck connections.
4. Neck must be removed to replace handle on all straight handled guns.

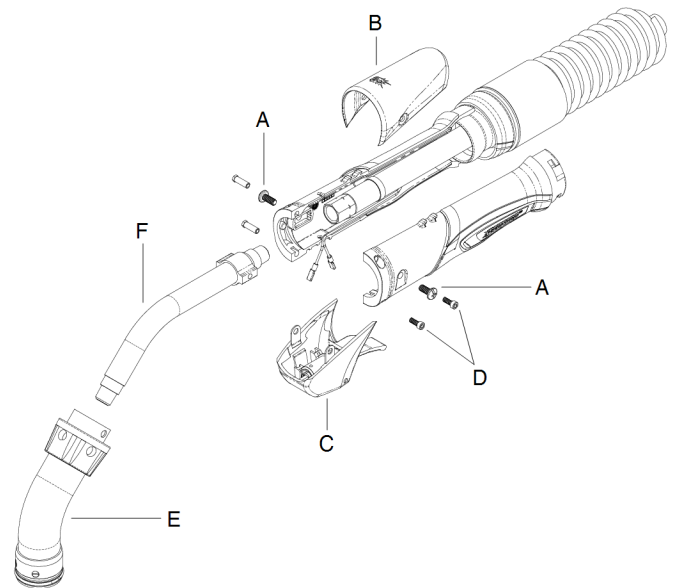
### B. Service

1. Inspect for cracks, debris, holes, loose or missing threaded inserts, excessive wear, exterior heat deformation, and warpage.
2. If any of the above conditions exist, replace with new handle or clean all surfaces with mild detergent and reinstall.
3. Test switch for continuity.
4. Clean any debris from trigger. If necessary, replace with new trigger.

### C. Replacement

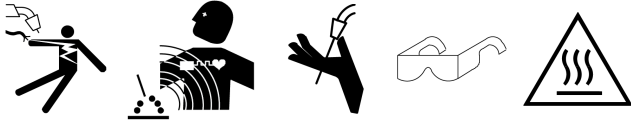
1. Slide handle over power cable.
2. Reinstall neck. See .
3. Locate aluminum spacer set as shown with machined flat facing switch assembly.
4. Secure to neck with screws. Do not overtighten screws to prevent neck armor from being pierced.
5. Route control wires as not to be pinched when reinstalling handle.
6. Secure handle onto cable assembly using screws.
7. Connect switch assembly by connecting control wires to insulated butt connectors.
8. Secure switch assembly to handle with screw.

Figure 8-C



## 8-9 Neck

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### A. Removal

1. Remove liner from cable assembly. **NOTE:** The gas diffuser should remain installed to protect neck threads.
2. Remove handle from gun assembly.
3. Disconnect power cables and return hoses using a counterclockwise motion with one 5/16" and one 3/8" wrench. **NOTE:** Do not allow the power cable and return hose fittings to twist.
4. Using a 5/64" (2 mm) hex key, remove conduit set screw.
5. Remove conduit from neck.

### B. Service

1. Inspect neck for damaged threads, leaky water connections, and excessive spatter buildup on armor, or armor that is damaged.

If any of the above conditions exist, replace neck to ensure safe and reliable operation.

### C. Replacement

1. Install conduit into neck and secure with conduit set screw.
2. See NEXT SECTION for specific conduit installation instruction.
3. Install and tighten power cable and return hose fittings to 35 in-lbs to prevent leakage. **NOTE:** Avoid twisting power cable and return hose fittings during installation.
4. Install handle and liner.

## 8-10 Cable - Power Cable / Return Hose

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### A. Removal

1. Remove handle and switch assembly.
2. Open rear strain relief.
3. Remove outer cover ties from both ends.
4. Disconnect power cables and return hoses using a counterclockwise motion with one 5/16" and one 3/8" wrench.  
**NOTE:** Do not allow the power cable, return hose, or rear water block fittings to twist, which can result in breakage.

### B. Service

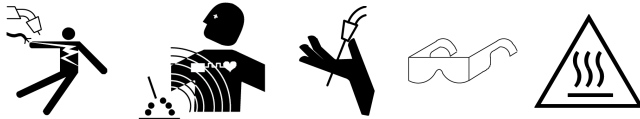
1. Inspect power cable and return hose for leads or hose material that has been damaged.
2. If any of the above conditions exist, replace power cable and/or return hose to ensure safe and reliable operation.

### C. Replacement

1. While old cable is in place, fasten new cable to end of old cable using the cable tool that ships with replacement cables, or tape.
2. The old cable may now be used to pull the new through the outer cover.
3. Install and tighten cable to 35 in-lbs using appropriate wrenches in a clockwise rotation to prevent leakage.
4. Before installing hand or strain relief, circulate coolant through unit, checking for leaks.
5. Reinstall outer cover ties on both ends and reassemble all remaining components.

## 8-11 Cable - Conduit

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### A. Removal

1. Remove handle, switch assembly, and open rear strain relief.
2. Remove outer cover ties from both ends of outer cable covering.
3. Use a 5/64" (2 mm) hex key to remove conduit set screws and release conduit connections (both ends).

### B. Service

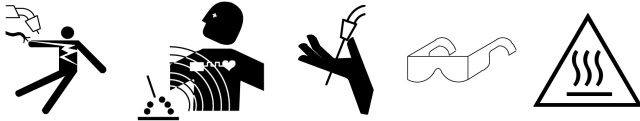
1. Inspect conduit assembly for cracks or gas leakage.
2. If any of the above conditions exist, replace conduit assembly to ensure reliable operation.

## C. Installation

1. While old conduit is in place, tape or splice new conduit to end of old conduit.
2. The old conduit may now be used to pull the new through the outer cover.
3. Moisten o-rings with water or soap. **NOTE:** Do not use silicone or petroleum based lubricants.
4. Slide conduit into socket on the end of the neck. **NOTE:** Care must be taken not to nick cut o-ring during installation.
5. Look through the set screw hole to verify that the fitting has slid completely into the neck.
6. Secure conduit with conduit set screw. **NOTE:** Conduit attachment is similar at the direct plug end.
7. Reinstall outer cover ties (both ends) and reassemble handle, strain relief and liner.

## 8-12 Cable - Control Leads

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### A. Removal

1. Remove handle, switch assembly, and open rear strain relief.
2. Remove outer cover ties from both ends of outer cable covering. **NOTE:** Be sure to cut leads at direct plug end as close to butt connector as possible to make certain there is enough wire to make the new connection.

### B. Service

1. Inspect control leads for necks, cuts or shorts.
2. If any of the above conditions exist, replace control leads to ensure safe and reliable operation.

### C. Installation

1. While old control leads are in place, tape or splice new control leads to end of old control lead.
2. The old control lead may now be used to pull the new through the outer cover.
3. Strip wires and crimp terminals as necessary to make proper connections. **NOTE:** Leads should be looped at both ends to provide any extra length necessary for cable stretch and expansion.
4. Reinstall outer cover ties (both ends) and reassemble handle, strain relief, and liner. **NOTE:** Be careful not to pinch leads during assembly, as this could cause a short circuit of the control system.

## 8-13 Cable - Outer Cable Cover

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## A. Removal

Removal of the outer cable cover requires the removal of either the neck or the direct plug, as well as the removal of the handle or strain relief on the opposite end.

1. Remove ties holding outer cable cover to internal components.
2. Anchor either hex of neck or rear water block lightly in a vise to retain internal cable components.
3. Slowly slide outer cable covering off of the cable cluster approximately 6" at a time.
4. Tape internal components every 6" to retain hose alignment for new installation.
5. Remove from vise.

## B. Service

1. Inspect outer cable cover for major nicks or cuts which expose inner cables.
2. If any of the above conditions exist, replace outer cable cover to ensure safe and reliable operation.

## C. Installation

1. With all cable internal components taped together, use welding electrode or wire as a lead. NOTE: Whatever is used must be as long as or longer than the outer cable cover being applied.
2. Slide wire through outer cable cover first, then anchor one end of the wire in a vise.
3. Connect other end to cable cluster's disconnected end using tape.
4. Slide outer cable cover over the cable cluster and into position (remove tape as outer cable cover is fitted over components).
5. When the outer cable cover is completely installed, fasten the cover into position using cable ties.
6. Install either the neck or the direct plug, whichever was removed.

## 8-14 Rigid Strain Relief



### A. Removal

1. Rotate the rear strain relief spring assembly in a counterclockwise rotation to remove from rigid strain relief.
2. Slide the spring further onto the cable assembly and remove screw securing strain relief to adaptor block.

### B. Service

1. Inspect all components for cracks, debris, excessive wear, and breakage.
2. Replace with new components if safety or performance of product is compromised.



## C. Replacement

1. Align flats in rigid strain relief with flats on adaptor block.
2. Slide strain relief onto adaptor block and secure with screw.
3. Using the arrows on the cap to align with mating grooves, slide the strain relief spring assembly toward the rigid strain relief until seated, and turn in a clockwise rotation until engaging snap is felt.

## 8-15 Direct Plug - Bernard® Quick-Disconnect



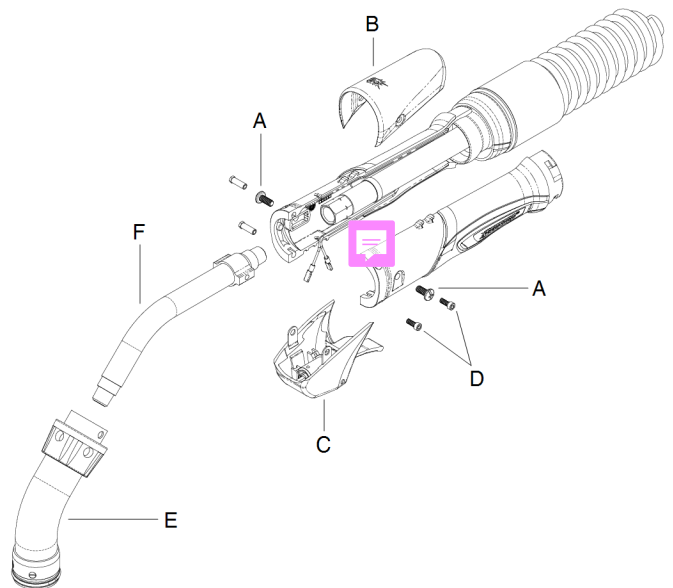
### A. Removal

1. Remove liner from gun assembly.
2. Viewing quick disconnect from feeder end, align wave spring and snap ring with opening access slot (see ).
3. Compress large snap ring with internal snap ring pliers and remove locking sleeve.
4. Remove medium external snap ring from power pin using external snap ring pliers.
5. Open rigid strain relief and remove wire assemblies from assembly by compressing the locking tabs on the contact pins with nose pliers and pulling the wire assemblies from the back. 
6. Unthread power pin from rear water block with appropriate wrenches in a counterclockwise rotation.
7. Inlet and outlet hoses can be removed by cutting Oetiker® clamps with cutting pliers.
8. The gas pin may be removed from the rigid strain relief by removing the small snap ring and pulling the pin from the rigid strain relief.


### B. Service

1. Test contact pins for continuity when trigger is engaged.
2. Lubricate o-rings with silicone lubricant.
3. Inspect all components for cracks, debris, excessive wear, and breakage.
4. Replace with new components if safety or performance of product is compromised.

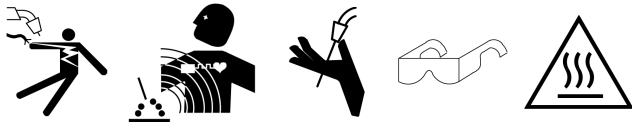
Figure 8-D



## C. Replacement

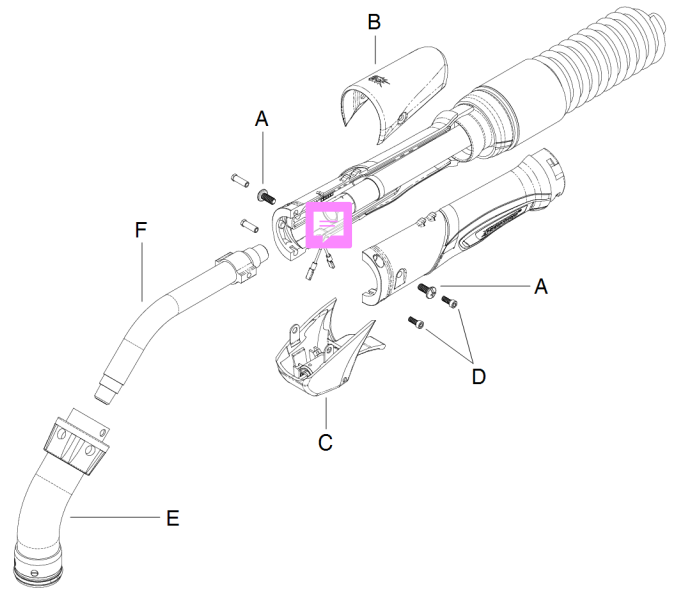
1. Assemble gas pin into rigid strain relief and secure with small snap ring.
2. Install inlet and outlet hoses by pushing hose onto barbed fitting on rear water block and secure with Oetiker clamp.
3. Install power pin onto rear water block with appropriate wrenches in a clockwise rotation.
4. Install wire assemblies into the two symmetrical holes on the back side of the rigid strain relief. **NOTE:** Do not cross control wires from side to side.
5. Make sure control pins are fully seated to ensure proper gun functionality.
6. Slide the power pin back into the rigid strain relief.
7. Rotate the power pin until the barbed fittings on rear water block are facing upward and away from the bottom of the rigid strain relief (see .
8. Once the power pin is fully seated, secure it by installing the medium snap ring into the groove on the power pin.
9. Close rigid strain relief and secure by installing the strain relief spring assembly.
10. Position wave spring and large internal snap ring in opening access slot.
11. With internal snap ring pliers inserted through locking sleeve, compress snap ring and slide into place. **NOTE:** Snap ring must be fully seated in locking sleeve. Locking sleeve must be able to rotate freely around rigid strain relief.
12. Install liner.

## 8-16 Direct Plug - Euro



## A. Removal

1. Remove liner from gun assembly.
2. Viewing quick-disconnect from feeder end, align wave spring and snap ring with opening access slot (see ).
3. Compress large snap ring with internal snap ring pliers and remove locking sleeve.
4. Remove medium external snap ring from power pin using external snap ring pliers.
5. Open rigid strain relief and remove wire assemblies from assembly by compressing the locking tabs on the contact pins with need nose pliers and pulling the wire assemblies from the back.
6. Unthread power pin from rear water block with appropriate wrenches in a counterclockwise rotation.
7. Inlet and outlet hoses can be removed by cutting Oetiker® clamps with cutting pliers.
8. The gas pin may be removed from the rigid strain relief by removing the small snap ring and pulling the pin from the rigid strain relief.



## B. Service

1. Test contact pins for continuity when trigger is engaged.
2. Lubricate o-rings with silicone lubricant.
3. Inspect all components for cracks, debris, excessive wear, and breakage.
4. Replace with new components if safety or performance of product is compromised.

## C. Replacement

1. Assemble gas pin into rigid strain relief and secure with small snap ring.
2. Install inlet and outlet hoses by pushing hose onto barbed fitting on rear water block and secure with Oetiker clamp.
3. Install power pin onto rear water block with appropriate wrenches in a clockwise rotation.
4. Install wire assemblies into the two symmetrical holes on the back side of the rigid strain relief. **NOTE:** Do not cross control wires from side to side.
5. Make sure control pins are fully seated to ensure proper gun functionality.
6. Slide the power pin back into the rigid strain relief.
7. Rotate the power pin until the barbed fittings on rear water block are facing upward and away from the bottom of the rigid strain relief (see ).
8. Once the power pin is fully seated, secure it by installing the medium snap ring into the groove on the power pin.
9. Close rigid strain relief and secure by installing the strain relief spring assembly.
10. Position wave spring and large internal snap ring in opening access slot.
11. With internal snap ring pliers inserted through locking sleeve, compress snap ring and slide into place. **NOTE:** Snap ring must be fully seated in locking sleeve. Locking sleeve must be able to rotate freely around rigid strain relief.
12. Install liner.



## SECTION 9 — STOCKING RECOMMENDATIONS

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### 9-1 End User Stocking Recommendations

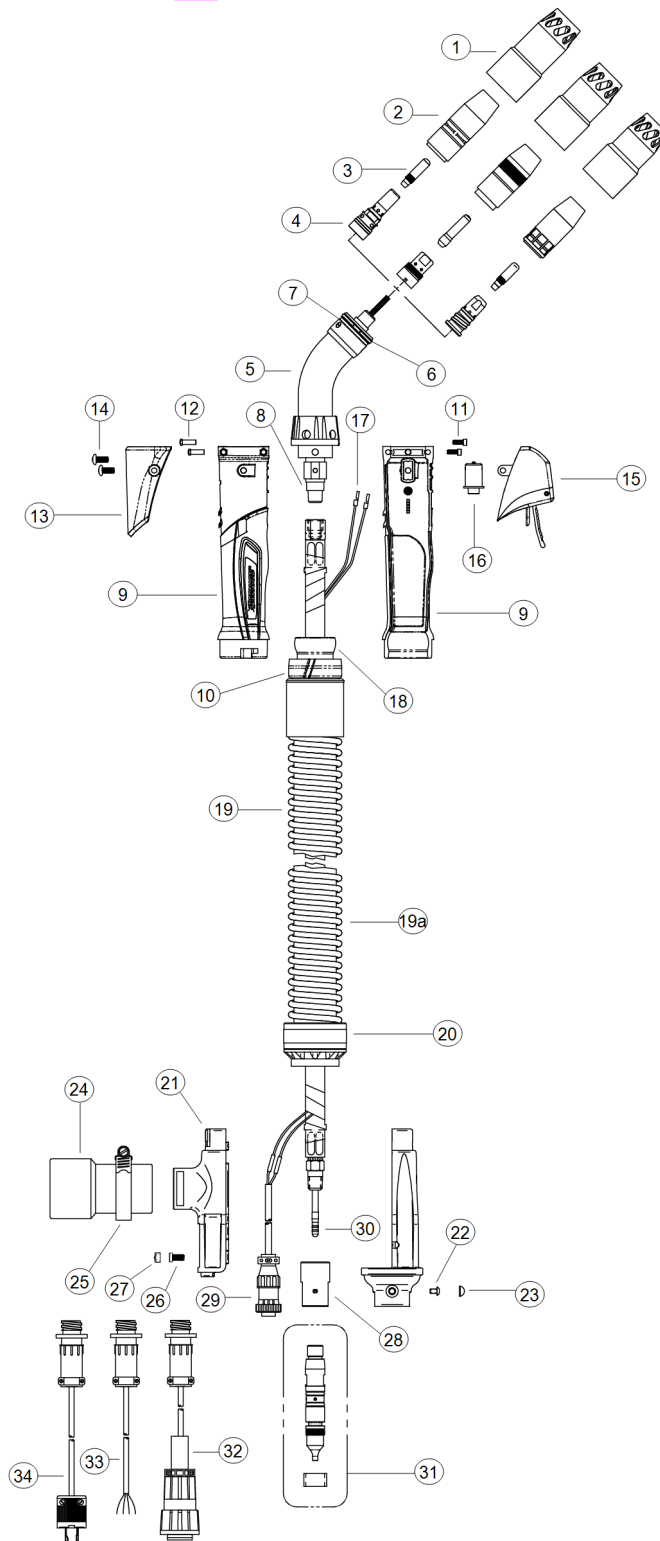
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<b>Nozzles</b>	5 for every 1 gun in service
<b>Contact tips</b>	30 for every 1 gun in service
<b>Gas diffusers</b>	4 for every 1 gun in service
<b>Triggers</b>	1 for every 10 guns in service
<b>Necks</b>	1 for every 20 guns in service
<b>Handle kits</b>	1 for every 20 guns in service
<b>Replacement cables</b>	1 for every 20 guns in service
<b>Strain relief kits</b>	1 for every 20 guns in service
<b>Adaptor kits</b>	Order as necessary
<b>Direct plug kits</b>	Order as necessary

These stocking recommendations are only initial guidelines based on an 80 hour work period. You should work closely with your distributor to tailor a stocking program that suits your specific needs. Results will vary.

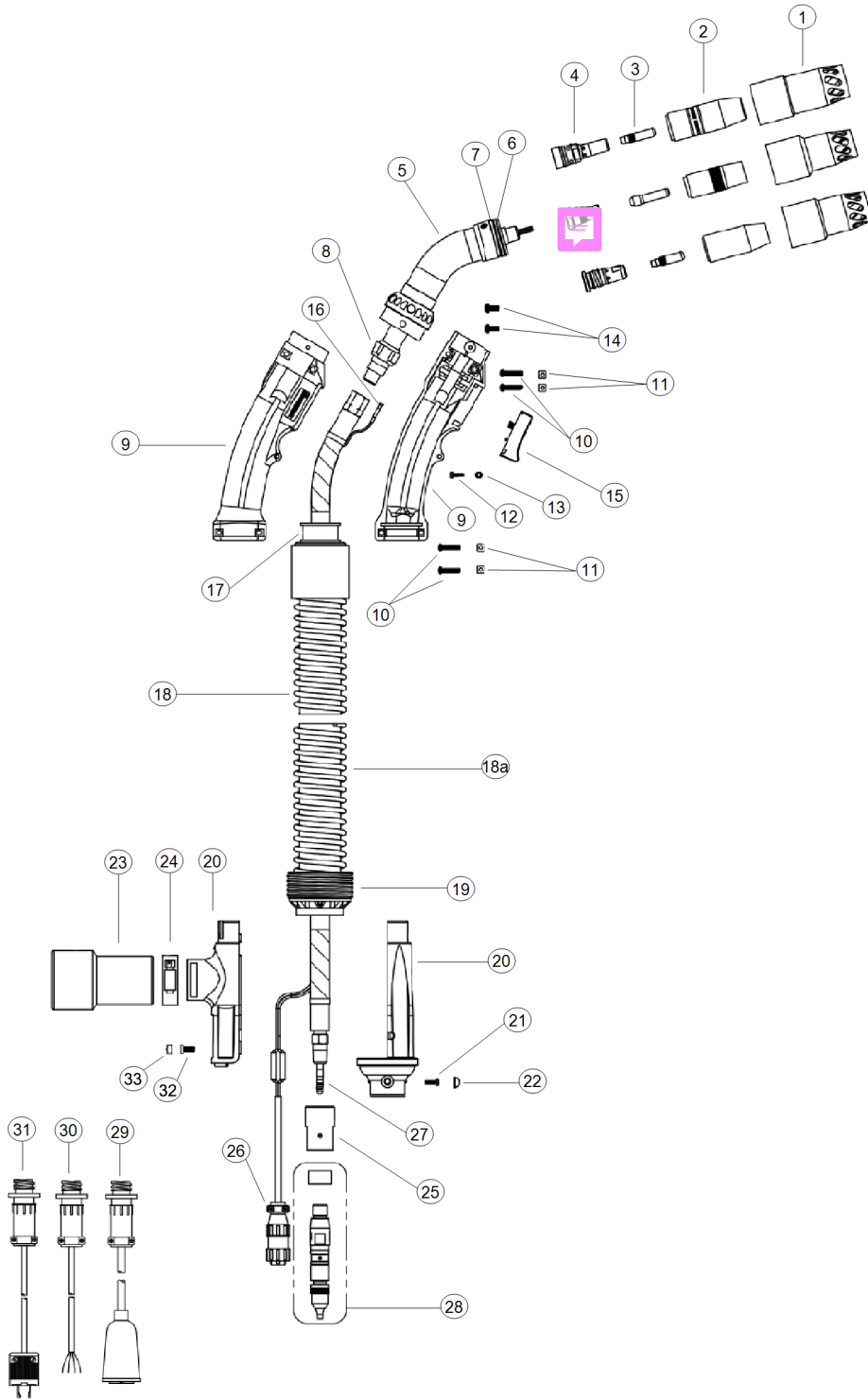
# SECTION 10 — PARTS LIST

## 10-1 Straight Handle Model - 300, 400, 500, 600 amp



ITEM	PART #				DESCRIPTION
	CL30	CL40	CL50	CL60	
1	1390135				Nozzle shroud (long), TOUGH LOCK®
	1390132	1390134			Nozzle shroud (long), Centerfire™
	<del>1390133</del>				<del>Nozzle shroud (long), Quik Tip™</del>
	1390142				Nozzle shroud (short), TOUGH LOCK, Centerfire, Quik Tip <i>(not configurable; must be purchased separately)</i>
2	401-6-62		401-5-75		Nozzle, TOUGH LOCK Heavy Duty (HD)
	NS-5818C	N-5818C	N-5814C	N-3414C	Nozzle, Centerfire
	<del>N1C58Q</del>		<del>N1C34Q</del>		<del>Nozzle, Quik Tip</del>
3	See SP-CLA Spec Sheet			Contact tip	
4	404-44				Retaining head, TOUGH LOCK
	DS-1	D-1			Gas diffuser, Centerfire
	<del>D118Q</del>		<del>D114Q</del>		<del>Gas diffuser, Quik Tip</del>
5	2390029			Vacuum tube assembly, 45 degree <i>(includes Items 6 and 7)</i>	
	2390030			Vacuum tube assembly, 60 degree <i>(includes Items 6 and 7)</i>	
6	2250020			Retaining ring	
7	2040024			O-ring	
8	1040084			Neck, 45 degree, 2-inch radius (medium length)	
	1040085			Neck, 60 degree, 2-inch radius (medium length)	
9	188			Handle kit <i>(includes Items 10 (x1), 11 (x2) and 12 (x2))</i>	
10	178			Cap, locking	
11	2280065			Screw, handle <i>(2 req'd)</i>	
12	2030034			Post fastener, handle <i>(2 req'd)</i>	
13	1810049			Top pod, standard	
14	2280066			Screw, top pod <i>(2 req'd)</i>	
15	2690084			Trigger <i>(includes Item 16)</i>	
16	411-1			Switch	
17	412-1			Switch connector <i>(2 req'd)</i>	
18	2520091	2520090		Handle swivel	
19	1800050	1800049		Vacuum hose <i>(NOTE: Order 1' less than gun length; Example: order 9' for a 10-ft gun)</i>	
19a	1080044A	1080045A		Replacement hose, 8' <i>(includes Items 18 and 20)</i>	
	1080044B	1080045B		Replacement hose, 10' <i>(includes Items 18 and 20)</i>	
	1080044C	1080045C		Replacement hose, 12' <i>(includes Items 18 and 20)</i>	
	1080044D	1080045D		Replacement hose, 15' <i>(includes Items 18 and 20)</i>	
	1080044E	1080045E		Replacement hose, 20' <i>(includes Items 18 and 20)</i>	
	1080044F	1080045F		Replacement hose, 25' <i>(includes Items 18 and 20)</i>	
20	2520089	2520088		Rear cap	
21	2520093			Strain relief <i>(Miller®, Lincoln®, Tweco® power pins)</i>	
	2520094			Strain relief <i>(Bernard®)</i>	
	2520080			Strain relief <i>(Euro)</i>	
22	2280056			Screw, strain relief	
	510-200-2-6			Screw, Euro w/ <i>(Euro)</i> Length™	
23	1620003			Screw cover	
24	1880245			Vacuum hose adaptor kit <i>(includes 2-1/8" to 1-1/2" threaded hose fitting (x1) and Item 25 (x1))</i>	
25	833			Clamp	
26	2280069			Screw	
27	2950012			Screw cover	
28	1010039			Adaptor block <i>(Miller®, Lincoln®, Tweco®)</i>	
	1010027			Adaptor block <i>(Bernard®, Euro)</i>	
29	GN2021			Electrical plug, non-D/S <i>(Miller, Lincoln, Tweco power pins)</i>	
30	See SP-CLA spec sheet			Liner	
31	Se SP-CLA spec sheet			Power pin components	
32	SCL1N			Trigger cable adaptor, Lincoln lead <i>(configurator power pin options L, S)</i>	
33	SCT1N			Trigger cable adaptor, spade terminals <i>(configurator power pin options T, W)</i>	
34	SCX1N			Trigger cable adaptor, 2-prong twist lock <i>(configurator power pin option U)</i>	

# 10-2 Curved Handle Model - 300, 400 amp



ITEM	PART #		DESCRIPTION
	CL30	CL40	
1	1390135		Nozzle shroud (long), TOUGH LOCK®
	1390132	1390134	Nozzle shroud (long), Centerfire™
	1390133		Nozzle shroud (long), Quik Tip™
	1390142		Nozzle shroud (short), TOUGH LOCK, Centerfire, Quik Tip (not configurable; must be purchased separately)
2	401-6-62		Nozzle, TOUGH LOCK Heavy Duty (HD)
	NS-5818C	N-5818C	Nozzle, Centerfire
	N1C58Q		Nozzle, Quik Tip
3	See SP-CLA Spec Sheet		Contact tip
4	404-44		Retaining head, TOUGH LOCK
	DS-1	D-1	Gas diffuser, Centerfire
	D118Q		Gas diffuser, Quik Tip
5	2390026		Vacuum tube assembly, 30 degree (includes Items 6 and 7)
	2390027		Vacuum tube assembly, 45 degree (includes Items 6 and 7)
	2390028		Vacuum tube assembly, 60 degree (includes Items 6 and 7)
6	2250020		Retaining ring
7	2040024		O-ring
8	1040081		Neck, 30 degree, 2-inch radius (medium length)
	1040082		Neck, 45 degree, 2-inch radius (medium length)
	1040083		Neck, 60 degree, 2-inch radius (medium length)
9	1880257		Handle kit (includes Items 10 (x4), 11 (x4), 12 (x1) and 13 (x1))
10	203296-005		Screw, handle (2 req'd)
11	177272		Square nut, handle (4 req'd)
12	2280044		Screw, handle
13	2030029		Machine nut, handle (2 req'd)
14	2280063		Screw, vacuum tube
15	177488		Trigger
16	177271		Switch connector (2 req'd)

	PART #		DESCRIPTION
	CL30	CL40	
17	2810010	2810011	Handle swivel
18	1800050	1800049	Vacuum hose (NOTE: Order 1' less than gun length; Example: order 9' for a 10-ft gun)
18a	1080046A	1080047A	Replacement hose, 8' (includes Items 17 and 19)
	1080046B	1080047B	Replacement hose, 10' (includes Items 17 and 19)
	1080046C	1080047C	Replacement hose, 12' (includes Items 17 and 19)
	1080046D	1080047D	Replacement hose, 15' (includes Items 17 and 19)
	1080046E	1080047E	Replacement hose, 20' (includes Items 17 and 19)
19	1080046F	1080047F	Replacement hose, 25' (includes Items 17 and 19)
	2520089	2520088	Rear cap
20	2520093		Strain relief (Miller®, Lincoln®, Tweco® power pins)
	2520094		Strain relief (Bernard®)
	2520080		Strain relief (Euro)
21	2280056		Screw, strain relief
	510-200-2-6		Screw, Euro w/AutoLength™
22	1620003		Screw cover
23	1880245		Vacuum hose adaptor kit (includes 2-1/8" to 1-1/2" threaded hose fitting (x1) and Item 24 (x1))
24	833		Clamp
25	1010039		Adaptor block (Miller, Lincoln, Tweco)
	1010027		Adaptor block (Bernard, Euro)
26	GN2021		Electrical plug, non-D/S (Miller, Lincoln, Tweco power pins)
27	See SP-CLA spec sheet		Liner
28	See SP-CLA spec sheet		Power pin components
29	SCL1N		Trigger cable adaptor, Lincoln lead (configurator power pin options L, S)
30	SCT1N		Trigger cable adaptor, spade terminals (configurator power pin options T, W)
31	SCX1N		Trigger cable adaptor, 2-prong twist lock (configurator power pin option U)
32	2280069		Screw
33	2950012		Screw cover



# ADDITIONAL SUPPORT MATERIALS

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For additional support materials such as Spec Sheets, troubleshooting information, how-to guides and videos, animations, online configurators and much more, please visit Bernard. Scan the QR Code with your smart phone for immediate access to [Tregaskiss.com/TechnicalSupport](http://Tregaskiss.com/TechnicalSupport).



Scan to view the Clean Air™ Fume Extraction MIG Gun Owner's Manual



Scan to view the Clean Air Fume Extraction MIG Gun Spec Sheet



Scan to view the Centerfire™ Consumables Spec Sheet



~~Scan to view the Quik Tip™ Consumables Spec Sheet~~



Scan to view the TOUGH LOCK® Consumables Spec Sheet



Scan to view the QUICK LOAD® Liner and AutoLength™ Pins Spec Sheet



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